

The Daily Gazetteer.

Nov. 1332

MONDAY, DECEMBER 13. 1742.

since our last arrived a Mail from Holland, and another from Flanders.

Moscow, Nov. 7.



THE Stories that were published of her Imperial Majesty's recalling several State Prisoners from Banishment, and directing that others should have Leave to change the Places of their Exile, is so far from being confirmed, that it appears by some late Orders issued by the Czarina, that her Inten-

tions are to have all the State Prisoners in Siberia very strictly look'd to; tho' the Governor of the Province has likewise had it in charge to treat them with all Humanity, and even to pay them all the Respect due to their several Ranks. It is now the common Opinion, that the Negotiations between this Crown and that of Sweden will meet with no great Obstacles on either Side, and that consequently a solid Peace will be very speedily concluded. Ever since the Arrival of the News of his Royal Highness the Duke of Holstein's Election, Orders have been issued for his being every-where prayed for as Successor to the Crown of Sweden; and this very Day the following Proclamation was publish'd here.

By the Grace of God, We Elizabeth the First, Empress and Sovereign of all the Russias, &c. &c. &c.

WE have already in the last Year sufficiently declared to the whole World by two different Manifestoes, in what manner, according to the supreme Appointment of the Almighty, we ascended our Paternal and Imperial Throne of all the Russias.

But as we are always infinitely attentive to procure, by our maternal Care, the steady Welfare of our Empire, and of all our faithful Subjects, considering it as the principal Point we have in View; so we very graciously appoint, under the divine Blessing, our dearly beloved Imperial Nephew, His Royal Highness Peter, Son of her Royal Highness our late dear Sister Anne Petrowna, Duke of Holstein Sleswig, to be the Inheritor of our Imperial Throne, as the nearest allied to us in Blood.

We are graciously pleased to order, that for the future, the Title of Great Prince and Imperial Highness be given to him: Wishing that all our faithful Subjects, as well Ecclesiasticks as Seculars, together with the People of all the Russias, do conform to this our Desire and Command, and do acknowledge and respect our dearly beloved Nephew the Grand Prince Peter Feodorowicz, as our lawful Successor.

In consequence of this our Declaration, the Oath of Allegiance shall be taken according to the usual Form.

Given at Moscow the First Year of our Reign, this Seventh of November, 1742.

The Original was signed with her Imperial Majesty's own Hand.

Stockholm, Nov. 29. Several of the principal Nobility, who have always distinguish'd themselves by their Attachment to the House of Holstein, desired Leave to join themselves with the Deputies appointed to carry his Royal Highness the Diploma of his Election, which having been readily accorded them, they have provided most magnificent Equipages for their Journey, in order to do Honour to the Swedish Nation at the Court of Russia. The Moment the Courier who carried the News of the Election arriv'd at Moscow, the Empress gave Orders for settling the Commerce between the two Kingdoms in the same manner as before the War; so that we hope to see Peace shortly re-establish'd upon easy Terms. The Prospect of this has taken off the Edge of the Prosecution against our Generals, and the Nation seems now intent only on restoring publick Tranquillity, and improving Trade.

Dresden, Dec. 3. Mr. Defalleurs, the French Minister, has presented a Memorial, conceiv'd in pretty strong Terms, and which has given great Distaste to our Court. In it he alleges, that instead of preserving an exact Neutrality, we are become extremely partial to the Austrians; that our Troops upon the Frontiers do them all much Service as if they were in their Pay, by furnishing them with Intelligence, and very often with the Means of carrying off Convoys of Provisions bought at a high rate in Saxony, and intended for the Service of the Garrison at Prague; which is so much the more unkind, as it is no Secret to the Court, that the French Troops there are almost as much streighten'd as they were during the Siege. The Count de Brühl had a Conference, by order of his Majesty, with the French Minister, on the Subject of this Memorial, wherein he acquainted him,

that if the Neutrality had suffer'd any Infraction, it was chiefly owing to the Conduct of the French themselves, who had made several Irruptions into the Electorate of Saxony, which rendered it impossible for his Majesty to prevent the Austrians from taking the like Liberties, which produc'd those Accidents complain'd of in the Memorial; that as to the Dearthness of Provisions, it was as heavy a Grievance on his Majesty's Subjects as on the French, who were at liberty to buy elsewhere if they could do it upon better Terms; that as to the Troops on the Frontiers, they were posted there for the Security of the Electorate; and that if any Proof could be made, that they had acted contrary to the Instructions sent to the General Officer who commands them, Satisfaction should be given to the French Court for what they suffer'd by such Breach of Orders. We have since understood the true Reason of these Complaints, which were occasioned by the great Success Prince Lobkowitz has had in Bohemia, where the Blockade of Prague has been renewed with such Strictness, that it is evident that Garrison must very soon surrender or be starv'd. We also learn by private Letters from Prague directly, that they are in the utmost Distress for Wood and Salt; that there are at least 6000 Sick in the Hospitals; and that the Duke de Belleisle expected daily Orders from his Court to treat with Prince Lobkowitz for the Surrender of the Place on honourable Terms.

From the Head-Quarters of Prince Charles's Army at Altheim, Nov. 24.

As soon as the Army was arriv'd at Scarding, the Prince, attended by several General Officers, went to take a View of the Dispositions made by Baron Beniclaus for the Reception of the Enemy, in case they thought fit to attack him. His Royal Highness was pleas'd to express, on this Occasion, extraordinary Satisfaction as to that General's Conduct; and it must be acknowledg'd, that never any Works were either more beautiful in themselves, more perfectly finished, or more justly dispos'd. His Excellency having given up his Command to the Prince, his Highness immediately honour'd him with an Employment of equal Difficulty and Importance, viz. the Direction of the Siege of Braunau, and procuring whatever was requisite for that Undertaking. In order to accomplish it, he set out that Evening for Passau, from whence he caus'd to be conducted to Oberhaus, where the Troops intended for this Service were encamp'd, the necessary Artillery from Passau. The Nobility and Clergy of that City furnish'd him very readily with their own Horses to draw them. The next Morning he return'd to the Camp, and that Day Bread and Oats were distributed to the whole Army for the March of the 23d. The same Day the General follow'd the Van-Guard of the Army, which had began its March towards Obersberg. On the 23d the whole Army decamp'd from Scarding, and following the Course of the Inn, arriv'd at Seuchspurg. This Day the Army encamp'd here, and join'd the Van-Guard. The Town of Braunau, which we are to besiege, is very well and very regularly fortified. It is surrounded by a triple Retrenchment, and M. Seckendorff, who is in its Neighbourhood, has, as we have been inform'd, received from the French Army a Reinforcement of 14,000 Men. It depends, however, entirely upon the Enemy, whether Affairs shall be decided by a Battle or not, since it is certain that if they have a mind to fight, Prince Charles will not decline it. Count Khevenhuller had certainly Orders to encamp at Wilschhofen, which as he has not done, we take it for granted they have been countermanded, and that some new Resolutions have been taken.

Paris, Dec. 15. The Court has lately received several Expresses from Bohemia and Bavaria, but as they have not suffer'd the Contents of their Dispatches to transpire, we conceive the News they have brought to be none of the best. The Viscount Tallegrand, and another Officer in the Regiment of Clermont-Tonnerre, having each of them lost an Arm in the Service in Bohemia, were lately presented to the King, and met with a very gracious Reception. There has happen'd lately a great Fire at Mautz, which was very near destroying all the Magazines. Two Foreigners have been arrested there, but whether from any real Suspicion of having a hand in the Fire, or to spread an Opinion of such Practices among the Populace, is not easy to determine. We are inform'd that General Minucci commands in Braunau, and that his Garrison consists of better than 2000 Men. Our Intrigues at Court grow daily more and more serious, tho' they are said to be chiefly manag'd by the Ladies. The Spirit of maintaining the War in Germany begins to revive again, and we have lately sent 40,000 Flannel Shirts and Drawers to keep our Troops in Bavaria from catch-

ing Cold. It is very uncertain what Measures Count Glimes will take in respect to a second Invasion of Savoy: We know that his Troops are already in a deplorable Condition, and that if he undertakes it, it is absolutely contrary to his own Opinion. On the other hand, we have certain Advice, that the Magistrates of Barcelona have represented to the Court of Madrid, that if more Troops are drawn out of Catalonia, it will probably encourage the English to make a Descent upon that Province, which might be of dangerous Consequence.

Breglia, Dec. 19. By Letters from Bavaria we are inform'd, that the Detachments of the Austrian Army, which had begun to besiege Braunau and Burchausen, and had made several Attacks upon those Places, in one of which the Austrian General Sarbonelli was killed, were retired from thence upon the Approach of the French and Imperial Army on the 9th instant: That Marshal Broglie enter'd Braunau on the 10th, and that Prince Charles had thereupon repais'd the Inn, and march'd towards Scharding.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, Dec. 10. Wind E. Remains in the Downs the Swedish Ship for Lisbon.

Deal, Dec. 11. Wind E. by S. Yesterday after Post failed the Prosperity, Dolmes, for Lisbon. No Ship in the Downs.

L O N D O N.

Prince Czerkaski, Great Chancellor of Russia, and Prime Minister to the Czarina, died Nov. 4. O. S. of an Apoplexy, in the 58th Year of his Age. He was descended from the old Princes of Circassia, had the Reputation of being a true Patriot, and was equally esteem'd by the Empress his Mistress and beloved by her Subjects. He has left an only Daughter, whom he recommended in the most tender manner to her Imperial Majesty.

Private Letters from Stockholm intimate, that it is very doubtful whether the Duke of Holstein will accept the Succession or not. That as there is a Clause in the Capitulation by which the Crown is declared Hereditary in the House of Holstein, it is thought his Royal Highness will resign his Pretensions in favour of his Uncle the Bishop of Lubeck. Some who pretend to be in the Secret of Affairs say, the last-mentioned Prince will soon go to Stockholm from Entin, and that it is on this account the Apartments in the Palace are new furnished.

All the Military Preparations in Denmark are carried on with excessive Earnestness; and it is daily expected at Copenhagen, that an Embargo would be laid, in order to procure Transports for invading Sweden.

The Emperor has declared by a new Rescript, That when he offer'd to evacuate Bohemia, he did not intend to quit his Claim; but that in the midst of all his Offers for Peace, his Design was to reserve all his Pretensions, to be assert'd at a more convenient Season.— This Prince seems to have made a good Progress in French Politics, tho' he may, perhaps, find this Declaration somewhat of the earliest.

General Helfreich with his Detachment of Croats and Pandours has actually penetrated as far as the Salt Magazines at Richenhall, where his Troops have made prodigious Plunder, and have likewise secured a Pass of great Importance, called the Pass of Lauffen.

The Austrians began to bombard and cannonade Braunau on the 2d, and form'd the Siege on the 3d, which was continued with great Diligence and Hopes of Success on the 4th Inst. which is the Date of the last Letters can be depended on from Bavaria.

Count Khevenhuller, who had Orders to remain on the Vils, upon the Receipt of a Letter from Prince Charles advanced to Griesbach, in order to secure the Passage of the Rot and the Inn, and preserve the Communication free between him and the Grand Army.

Letters from Brussels say positively, that the March of seven Battalions of British Troops, to relieve the Garrisons of Mons, Aeth, and Charleroy, and the Auxiliary Forces in general will move speedily towards Germany.

The States General, upon repeated Memorials from Baron Reischach, have come to a Resolution to grant her Hungarian Majesty a Subsidy of 4,600,000 Guilders, to be paid immediately.

Friday Night Richard Keble, who was committed to Newgate for a Burglary in Surrey, and charg'd likewise with returning from Transportation, whom the Court had ordered to remain till next Sessions, made his Escape from the Sessions-House in the Old Baily, but was soon after retaken near Fleet-Bridge, by Samuel Wilcocks, one of the Turnkeys. Keble was convicted on four Indictments for Grand Larceny, at the third Sessions in Alderman Perry's Mayoralty, and was tried the same Sessions for a Rape.

Last Thursday a Man and Woman came to the Three Tunns in Sweeting's Alley by the Royal-Exchange, and drank a Pint of Wine; but during their Stay broke open a Press, and stole some Wearing Apparel.

The same Day died at his House in Greek-street, Soho, Mr. Jeremy Capell, an eminent Jeweller.

Last Friday an Express arrived in Town from Essex, with an Account that the Right Hon. Henry Lord Maynard died at his Seat at Little-Easton in that County on Thursday last.

A few Days since died Mr. White, Clerk of the Peace for the County of Leicester, which Place is in the Gift of his Grace the Duke of Rutland, as Lord Lieutenant of the County.

Satu day died at his House at Stepney, Capr. Cornelius Ward, many Years in the African Trade, in which he acquir'd a large Fortune.

Yesterday the Rev. Dr. Cobden preached before his Majesty, the Prince, the Duke, and the Princesses, at the Chapel Royal at St. James's.

We hear that 16,000 Hanoverian Troops are taken into the Pay of Great Britain for the ensuing Year.

Saturday last Sir Humphry Monoux, Bart. was marry'd to Mrs. Jones, Relict of — Jones, Esq; of Waltham-Abby, a Gentlewoman of a considerable Fortune.

The same Day was marry'd in King Henry the 7th's Chapel, the Hon. Capt. Boscawen, Brother to the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Falmouth, to Miss Glanville, Daughter to William Ganville, Esq; Member of Parliament for Hythe, a young Lady of great Merit and a considerable Fortune.

A Scandalous Paper having been lately publish'd in several News-papers, in the Name of the Burgesses and Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Westminster, address'd to the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Percival and Charles Edwin, Esq; their Representatives in Parliament, which Paper contains Matter of a very Dangerous and Criminal Nature, and has a manifest Tendency to excite Disturbances in this Kingdom, by appealing from the Legislature to the People, and in plain and express Terms threatening popular Commotions; it is thought proper to acquaint the Publick, that the publishing the same under the Names of the Burgesses and Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Westminster, as abovemention'd, is an infamous Forgery, and a gross and impudent Impostition on their worthy Representatives, for that there never was any Convention of the Burgesses and Inhabitants of the said City and Liberty in their Burgess-court, to prepare or approve the said Paper, or any other Paper of the same Kind or Import whatever, which it was absolutely necessary there should have been to have made it their Act, or to have warranted the Printing and Publishing it under their Names: But, on the contrary, the said Paper, having been drawn up in a private and clandestine Manner, was produc'd, ready-prepar'd, at a Tavern-Meeting of a few low inconsiderable People, pack'd together for that Purpose, without any Authority or legal Summons for so doing, where there were but Two Burgesses and Two Assistants present out of Thirty-two Burgesses and Assistants of whom the Burgess-court consists, and not One hundred and fifty Inhabitants out of at least Ten thousand who have a Right of voting for Members of Parliament for Westminster; Besides which, it is notoriously known, that the principal Authors and Contrivers of this Daring and Outragious Insult upon his Majesty and his Parliament, are Men of desperate Fortunes and abandon'd Characters, the Promoters and Ringleaders of Riot and Disorder, and who have no other Shelter or Resource left, but in Popular Commotions and Publick Confusion.

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Eccius. xxxvi. 24.

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Whereas it was inserted in the Daily

Advertiser of the 7th instant, That a Custom-house Officer visited the Lodgings of a Captain in the East-India Company's Service, where he seized a Parcel of Cornelian Stones; in which Paragraph is likewise insinuated, that Two Jews living in the Neighbourhood of Goodman's Fields, who had bought and agreed to pay for the said Cornelian Stones, the Week preceding, were the Persons that gave the Information: This is to acquaint the Publick, that the same is a false and malicious Asperson on the said Jews, who scorn so vile an Imputation, and for the sake of Common Justice are determined, if they can, to discover and punish the Person who directed the same to be published; and offer Ten Guinea's Reward, to be paid by Mr. Smith at the Union Coffee-house in Cornhill, over-against the Royal Exchange, to any Person that can prove from whom the Printer of the said Advertiser received his Instructions; so as the Person discovering any Person of any tolerable Reputation or Business, And now, The Printer of the Paper pretends the Paragraph was brought to him by a strange Boy, and if he does not think fit to give the Persons thereby scandalized some more satisfactory Account, he himself will be proceeded against as the Law directs, for his said false and scandalous Charge upon the Persons who are entirely innocent.

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